

2.2.2. Customizing the driver: option

If the serial ports are not available, it is possible that the modem PID should be added to the driver option.

Identify the kernel version in use, retrieve the source code and check in

```
/drivers/usb/serial/option
```

under the line

```
#define TELIT_VENDOR_ID
```

if the PID in use is present.

To add a missing PID, consider as an example one of Telit already supported devices and replicate the same structure found in the source code.

For missing PIDs 0x1900, 0x1901, since also the QMI network adapter is involved, consider backporting Telit related changes found in kernel versions since 3.14.



For all the compositions that present a network adapter, before adding the serial ports make sure that the USB interfaces related to the network adapter are no caught by the option driver. After having modified the code, the kernel should be rebuilt.

It is possible to temporary modify option behavior for runtime serial ports recognition. With root privileges, type in a shell:

```
modprobe option
```

```
echo 1bc7 PID > /sys/bus/usb-serial/drivers/option1/new_id
```

where PID is the current pid of the modem.



For all the compositions that present a network adapter, before adding the serial ports make sure that the system has properly recognized the network adapter, otherwise it will not be recognized.

2.2.3. Customizing the driver: qmi_wwan

If the QMI based network adapter is not available, it is possible that the modem PID should be added to the driver qmi_wwan.

Identify the kernel version, retrieve the source code and check in

drivers/net/usb/qmi_wwan.c for the presence of the

related source code line according to the PID:

PID	Line
0x1900	{QMI_FIXED_INTF(0x1bc7, 0x1900, 5)}
0x1901	{QMI_FIXED_INTF(0x1bc7, 0x1901, 5)}

If missing, consider backporting Telit related changes found in kernel versions since 3.13.



After having modified the code, the kernel should be rebuilt.

It is possible to temporary modify qmi_wwan behavior for runtime network adapter recognition. With root privileges, type in a shell:

```
modprobe qmi_wwan
```

```
echo 1bc7 PID > /sys/bus/usb/drivers/qmi_wwan/new_id
```

where PID is the current pid of the modem.



3. Modem Setup

3.1. Setting the USB Composition

For changing the modem USB composition, please refer to the proper AT command user guide.



4. Modem Usage

4.1. Using the Serial Ports

The devices `/dev/ttyUSBx` are normal Linux character devices and support most of the features implemented by the `tty` layer.

For sending AT commands, a terminal emulator like Minicom can be used.

When writing code for using the device please refer to the programming language API related to character devices. As an example, C applications can use the functions exported in the system header files `fcntl.h` and `unistd.h`. Please refer to the related man page for further details.



When an AT command is sent, for receiving the answer it is mandatory to have the DTR asserted

4.1.1. Data Connection

More recent Linux distributions have GUI tools for creating dial-up connections through serial ports.

If a ppp connection through command line is needed, the software `pppd` can be used. Please refer to the official website for further details and updated source code (<https://ppp.samba.org/>).



4.2. Using the Network Adapter

If the modem firmware supports a network adapter and the related driver is properly loaded, a network interface is created (usually called `wwanx` in recent kernel version).

Linux command `ifconfig` can be used for retrieving some network interface related info (please refer to the man page for further details).

4.2.1. Data Connection

For establishing a data connection through the network interface, follow the steps related to the PID in use:

PID	Line
0x1900 (QMI)	<p>Standard NetworkManager and ModemManager can be used for setting up the data connection with the QMI network adapter.</p> <p>For command line data connection setup, the tool <code>qmi-network</code> from project libqmi can be used. Please refer to the <code>libqmi</code> documentation for further details.</p>
0x1900 (GobiNet)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Setup the context using <code>AT+CGDCONT</code> command - In a Linux root shell start a dhcp client on the network interface, for example: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code>dhclient <wwan network adapter name></code> - Send the command for starting the data connection: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <code>\$ sudo bash -c "echo 1 > /sys/class/GobiQMI/qcqmio/connect"</code> - When the dhcp client has finished, check the network adapter ip address with <code>ifconfig</code> <p>Please refer to the AT commands User Guide for details.</p>
0x1901	<p>Standard NetworkManager and ModemManager can be used for setting up the data connection with the MBIM network adapter.</p> <p>For command line data connection setup, the tool <code>mbim-network</code> from project libmbim can be used. Please refer to the <code>libmbim</code> documentation for further details.</p>



5. Installation for the Driver Package

5.1. Driver Package

Before installation, please refer to the driver package:
"Telit_LN940_Driver_Package_0.0.0.1.tar.gz".

5.2. Option.c

Check the Driver Package to find "drivers/0001-option-Add-Telit-LN940-support.patch" to patch "drivers/usb/serial/option.c" or refer to "drivers/option" to compile as kernel module).

If customer wants to utilize QMI library like libqmi-glib / ofono / uqmi ..., please use the module as "qmi_wwan".

If not, please use the module "GobiNet" for quick test.

5.3. Modem device as QMI

5.3.1. Patches for qmi_wwan after Qualcomm MDM9x30 generation

There are 2 patch files of Driver Package need to patch:

```
"drivers/0002-qmi_wwan-Add-rawIP-mode-support.patch"
```

```
"drivers/0003-qmi_wwan-Add-MDM9x30-quirk-setDTR-support.patch"
```

5.3.2. Check "drivers/0004-qmi_wwan-Add-Telit-LN940-support.patch" to patch

The "drivers/0004-qmi_wwan-Add-Telit-LN940-support.patch" is also located in the Driver Package.

```
"drivers/net/usb/qmi_wwan.c"
```

or refer "drivers/qmi_wwan" to compile as kernel moduler.




```
(6) $ sudo ./qmicli -d /dev/cdc-wdm0 --pdc-list-
      configs=software
[13 Jul 2017, 23:56:03] -Warning ** [/dev/cdc-wdm0] requested auto mode
but no MBIM QMUX support available
Total configurations: 2
Configuration 1:
  Description: GCF
  Type:       software
  Size:       22376
  Status:     Inactive
  Version:    0x6010009
  ID:
7D:47:0A:8C:85:1E:D2:B7:5A:FB:F4:BD:A9:A3:06:6F:07:92:D4:74

Configuration 2:
  Description: SKT
  Type:       software
  Size:       22688
  Status:     Inactive
  Version:    0x6010001
  ID:
8D:D1:7F:13:65:13:59:9E:60:52:F6:EF:5E:FF:64:6A:28:03:11:DE

(7) $ sudo ./qmicli -d /dev/cdc-wdm0 --pdc-activate-
      config="software,7D470A8C851ED2B75AFBF4BDA9A3066F0792D
      474"
[13 Jul 2017, 23:56:55] -Warning ** [/dev/cdc-wdm0] requested auto mode
but no MBIM QMUX support available
```





The following is Qualcomm reference document for QMI detail information. Please refer to “80-NV400-38_A_QMI_PDC_MPSS_TH_1_0.pdf”.



7. Document History

Revision	Date	Changes
0	2017-06-26	First issue
1	2017-06-26	Add Chapter 6 for “Upgrade Firmware Image with Fastboot Method”



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