SPECIFICATIONS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

NOTICE

While reasonable efforts have been made to assure the accuracy of this document, Telit assumes no liability resulting from any inaccuracies or omissions in this document, or from use of the information obtained herein. The information in this document has been carefully checked and is believed to be reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed for inaccuracies or omissions. Telit reserves the right to make changes to any products described herein and reserves the right to revise this document and to make changes from time to time in content hereof with no obligation to notify any person of revisions or changes. Telit does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product, software, or circuit described herein; neither does it convey license under its patent rights or the rights of others.

It is possible that this publication may contain references to, or information about Telit products (machines and programs), programming, or services that are not announced in your country. Such references or information must not be construed to mean that Telit intends to announce such Telit products, programming, or services in your country.

COPYRIGHTS

This instruction manual and the Telit products described in this instruction manual may be, include or describe copyrighted Telit material, such as computer programs stored in semiconductor memories or other media. Laws in the Italy and other countries preserve for Telit and its licensors certain exclusive rights for copyrighted material, including the exclusive right to copy, reproduce in any form, distribute and make derivative works of the copyrighted material. Accordingly, any copyrighted material of Telit and its licensors contained herein or in the Telit products described in this instruction manual may not be copied, reproduced, distributed, merged or modified in any manner without the express written permission of Telit. Furthermore, the purchase of Telit products shall not be deemed to grant either directly or by implication, estoppel, or otherwise, any license under the copyrights, patents or patent applications of Telit, as arises by operation of law in the sale of a product.

COMPUTER SOFTWARE COPYRIGHTS

The Telit and 3rd Party supplied Software (SW) products described in this instruction manual may include copyrighted Telit and other 3rd Party supplied computer programs stored in semiconductor memories or other media. Laws in the Italy and other countries preserve for Telit and other 3rd Party supplied SW certain exclusive rights for copyrighted computer programs, including the exclusive right to copy or reproduce in any form the copyrighted computer program. Accordingly, any copyrighted Telit or other 3rd Party supplied SW computer programs contained in the Telit products described in this instruction manual may not be copied (reverse engineered) or reproduced in any manner without the express written permission of Telit or the 3rd Party SW supplier. Furthermore, the purchase of Telit products shall not be deemed to grant either directly or by implication, estoppel, or otherwise, any license under the copyrights, patents or patent applications of Telit or other 3rd Party supplied SW, except for the normal non-exclusive, royalty free license to use that arises by operation of law in the sale of a product.
USAGE AND DISCLOSURE RESTRICTIONS

I. License Agreements

The software described in this document is the property of Telit and its licensors. It is furnished by express license agreement only and may be used only in accordance with the terms of such an agreement.

II. Copyrighted Materials

Software and documentation are copyrighted materials. Making unauthorized copies is prohibited by law. No part of the software or documentation may be reproduced, transmitted, transcribed, stored in a retrieval system, or translated into any language or computer language, in any form or by any means, without prior written permission of Telit.

III. High Risk Materials

Components, units, or third-party products used in the product described herein are NOT fault-tolerant and are NOT designed, manufactured, or intended for use as on-line control equipment in the following hazardous environments requiring fail-safe controls: the operation of Nuclear Facilities, Aircraft Navigation or Aircraft Communication Systems, Air Traffic Control, Life Support, or Weapons Systems (High Risk Activities”). Telit and its supplier(s) specifically disclaim any expressed or implied warranty of fitness for such High Risk Activities.

IV. Trademarks

TELIT and the Stylized T Logo are registered in Trademark Office. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners.

V. Third Party Rights

The software may include Third Party Right software. In this case you agree to comply with all terms and conditions imposed on you in respect of such separate software. In addition to Third Party Terms, the disclaimer of warranty and limitation of liability provisions in this License shall apply to the Third Party Right software.

TELIT HEREBY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL WARRANTIES EXPRESS OR IMPLIED FROM ANY THIRD PARTIES REGARDING ANY SEPARATE FILES, ANY THIRD PARTY MATERIALS INCLUDED IN THE SOFTWARE, ANY THIRD PARTY MATERIALS FROM WHICH THE SOFTWARE IS DERIVED (COLLECTIVELY “OTHER CODE”), AND THE USE OF ANY OR ALL THE OTHER CODE IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE, INCLUDING (WITHOUT LIMITATION) ANY WARRANTIES OF SATISFACTORY QUALITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

NO THIRD PARTY LICENSORS OF OTHER CODE SHALL HAVE ANY LIABILITY FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION LOST PROFITS), HOWEVER CAUSED AND WHETHER MADE UNDER CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHER LEGAL THEORY, ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OR DISTRIBUTION OF THE OTHER CODE OR THE EXERCISE OF ANY RIGHTS GRANTED UNDER EITHER OR BOTH THIS LICENSE AND THE LEGAL TERMS APPLICABLE TO ANY SEPARATE FILES, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES.
## APPLICABILITY TABLE

### PRODUCTS

- ME310G1-W1
- ME310G1-WW
- ME310G1-WWV
- ME910G1-W1
- ME910G1-WW
- ME910G1-WWV
- ML865G1-WW
5.3. SIM interface ................................................................................ 21
5.4. PSM configuration ........................................................................ 22
5.5. Hardware application examples ................................................... 23
  5.5.1. ME310G1 ..................................................................................... 23
  5.5.2. ME910G1 ..................................................................................... 24
  5.5.3. ML865G1 ...................................................................................... 25
6. GLOSSARY AND ACRONYMS.................................................... 26
7. DOCUMENT HISTORY................................................................. 27
1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. Scope
The ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 includes unique advanced features in order to support the PSM according to 3GPP Rel-12.
The aim of this document is the description of the suggested Application design to use this functionality.

1.2. Audience
This document is intended for Telit customers, who are integrators, about to implement their applications using our ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 modules.

1.3. Contact Information, Support
For general contact, technical support services, technical questions and report documentation errors contact Telit Technical Support at:

- TS-EMEA@telit.com
- TS-AMERICAS@telit.com
- TS-APAC@telit.com

Alternatively, use:
http://www.telit.com/support

For detailed information about where you can buy the Telit modules or for recommendations on accessories and components visit:
http://www.telit.com

Our aim is to make this guide as helpful as possible. Keep us informed of your comments and suggestions for improvements.
Telit appreciates feedback from the users of our information.
1.4. Text Conventions

Danger – This information MUST be followed or catastrophic equipment failure or bodily injury may occur.

Caution or Warning – Alerts the user to important points about integrating the module, if these points are not followed, the module and end user equipment may fail or malfunction.

Tip or Information – Provides advice and suggestions that may be useful when integrating the module.

All dates are in ISO 8601 format, i.e. YYYY-MM-DD.

1.5. Related Documents

[2] 1VV0301588 ME310G1 Hardware Design Guide
[4] 1VV0301632 ML865G1 Hardware Design Guide
2. OVERVIEW

The aim of this document is the description of some hardware solutions useful for developing a product with the Telit ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 module. In this document all the basic functions of a mobile phone will be taken into account; for each one of them a proper hardware solution will be suggested and eventually the wrong solutions and common errors to be avoided will be evidenced. Obviously this document cannot embrace the whole hardware solutions and products that may be designed. The wrong solutions to be avoided shall be considered as mandatory, while the suggested hardware configurations shall not be considered mandatory, instead the information given shall be used as a guide and a starting point for properly developing your product with the Telit ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 module. For further hardware details that may not be explained in this document refer to the Telit ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 Product Description document where all the hardware information is reported.

NOTICE:
EN) The integration of the LTE ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 cellular module within user application shall be done according to the design rules described in this manual.

(IT) L’integrazione del modulo cellulare LTE ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 all’interno dell’applicazione dell’utente dovrà rispettare le indicazioni progettuali descritte in questo manuale.


(SL) Integracija LTE ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 modula v uporabniški aplikaciji bo morala upoštevati projektna navodila, opisana v tem priročniku.

(SP) La utilización del modulo LTE ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 debe ser conforme a los usos para los cuales ha sido diseñado descritos en este manual del usuario.

(FR) L’intégration du module cellulaire LTE ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 dans l’application de l’utilisateur sera faite selon les règles de conception décrites dans ce manuel.

(HE) האינטגרציה של לוחת הLTE ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1Catchphrase ת piena ל propósito התוכנה בה נועד ל.before erfolgen. בשתי הלוחות ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1

The information presented in this document is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Telit Communications S.p.A. for its use, nor any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent rights of Telit Communications S.p.A. other than for circuitry embodied in Telit products. This document is subject to change without notice.
3. PSM DESCRIPTION

3.1. PSM Procedure Overview

The Power Saving Mode (PSM) in 3GPP Rel12 allows the Module to skip idle mode tasks for a longer time period while still maintaining the NAS context. The functionality is available on M1/NB1 on the ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 Series.

This feature permits to reduce the overall power consumption when there is no required data activity with the network for a long time.

This saves the power also related to the Paging activity.

The PSM reduces the signaling load between the ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 and the network on NAS level (24.301 Rel.12 chapter 5.3.11) compared to a standard attach/detach procedure.

Within the attach/RAU/TAU procedure the UE indicates that it supports PSM and the network confirms/accepts PSM usage by sending two different timers (T3324 and T3412 extended Value) in the confirmation message.

The timer T3324 specifies an active period after the RAU/TAU procedure the UE has to follow the normal idle mode procedures (paging reception, measurements,…).

After timer T3324 expires the Module enters PSM state, i.e. it disables all AS/NAS activities until the next periodic RAU/TAU update.

Timer T3412 extended value is defining the time between two subsequent RAU/TAU procedures and starts togheter with T3324. This implies that the time in which the module will be NOT reachable by the network (inactivity period) is given by T3412_ext - T3324.

Before the inactivity period starts the complete NAS context needs to be stored and reused when accessing the network again.

The Module can leave the PSM mode at any point in time when there is MO data or when periodic TAU timer expires.

The PSM is only intended for those Modules that can tolerate a high MT Call latency.

The 3GPP standard does not specify current limits to be satisfied or power reduced to when PSM is used by the module. Only the signaling reduction (i.e. Not doing a reattach but just a RAU/TAU procedure) is defined.
3.2. PSM for ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1

ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 implements PSM features and allows the user to activate PSM by sending the specific AT command AT+CPSMS as described in [1].

As soon as PSM has been accepted by the network (i.e. Timers have been received in TAU Accept message) T3324 starts and ME910 is in IDLE state with default module functionality.

Since default functionality for ME910 (and all Telit modules) is CFUN=1 the current absorption for the module will be equal to standard idle CFUN=1 state and around 8-9 mA.

As T3324 expires the module enters the PSM state which is basically an OFF state with RTC running in the background bringing the current consumption level to around 3 uA.

Users willing to decrease the power consumption during T3324 can combine AT+CFUN states (e.g. AT+CFUN=5 and Asserting low the DTR pin) with PSM as shown in the below figures.

When AT+CFUN=5 is used during T3324 the specific functionality allows to save current still keeping module synchronized and reachable the network.
An example of command to activating PSM for ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 is as follows:

AT+CPSMS=1,,"," & T3412 & "," & T3324
T3412= 10000011 -> 90 sec
T3324= 00001010 -> 20 sec

With these settings the module will send TAU every 90 sec and will stay IDLE for 20 sec. This is true when using a network simulator because in a real environment the final decision of which timers have to be applied is taken by the network that can accept the proposed timers or decide to send its own timers. If different timers are sent back by the network then DUT must apply the Network timers.

The nature of PSM and the current consumption profile suggest that the major efficiency is achieved when T3412 is longer than 5-6 hours.

If an application cannot support modules being out of connection for so long but it is still willing to reduce power then eDRX feature should be evaluated.
Telit implementation of PSM includes a SW check that avoids UE to enter PSM mode if the settings of T3412 and T3324, are such that the next wake up would happen before a preconfigured minimum time duration 60s.

As a result of this check the following precondition will need to be verified for the PSM to be activated: \( T3412 - T3324 > 60 \text{ sec} \)

The above is to avoid an incorrect use of PSM resulting in higher current consumption due to shut down and reboot compared to the current consumption in idle state in 60s.
4. EXTENDED DRX (EDRX)

4.1. Standard eDRX Procedure Overview

Extended DRX (eDRX) is an extension of the discontinuous reception (DRX). DRX is a technic used during RRC IDLE to reduce UE power consumption that periodically listen to the paging channel and sleep in between two different paging listening events.

eDRX tries to enhance the power consumption increasing the sleeping period, but this has to be done in coordination with the network that will know about this extension and will cache paging requests directed to the UE.

eDRX features defines to different timers

**Paging Time Window (PTW)**: the window in which the UE will behaves in DRX mode

**eDRX cycle**: the time between the start of two different and subsequent time windows

these two timers are exchanged between UE and Network by means of Attach or TAU/RAU Accept message.

When eDRX is activated by means of the specific command the DRX activity is stopped for a longer period and the module remains in sleep and not listening the paging channel anymore till the end of the eDRX cycle. In other words the UE will not be reachable from the network from the end of the PTW to the end of the eDRX cycle.

Below is a pictures that explain the differences between DRX and eDRX.

*Fig 2. DRX vs eDRX comparison*
For CAT M technology in a test environment scenario the following command will set PTW=20,48 and eDRXcycle=81,92 (see AT command user guide for detailed definition)

AT#CEDRXS=1,4,"0101","1111"

Regarding the current profile for eDRX, it has to be said that the sleep current between paging occurrence and during the long sleep has a value of around 0,45 mA so when eDRX is used in combination with AT+CFUN=5 or 0 that allows to achieve average current consumption values close to 0,6 mA or less in most cases.

eDRX is a different procedure in respect PSM that is practically OFF when PSM is activated but has to pay in terms of consumption to wakeup from PSM because a BOOT+CAMP+TAU is needed.

That means that there is a breakeven point that suggest to use eDRX for applications that requires the module to be available very often and in any case at maximum every few hours, if the module can sleep more time the PSM feature must be evaluated because it could be more efficient from power consumption point of view.

**Note.** PSM and eDRX are not mutually exclusive and can work togheter. If PSM and eDRX are applied at the same time eDRX will basically work during the PSM idle time reducing the power consumption within the T3324.
4.2. PSM in between eDRX Procedure Overview

PSM in between eDRX make use of a proprietary power solution so it is a different power / timing implementation of the standard eDRX depicted in 4.1.

In standard eDRX when the system is not listening to the paging channel can go to “sleep” which means that the module is just in low power mode but it is on and can immediately wake up if needed.

This mode is efficient when eDRX cycle is short but the full power balance can be further improved for long eDRX cycles (equals or greater than 167 sec) switching completely OFF (PSM) the module when there is no need for listening to paging channel.

This change in the power will have an impact on the wake-up timing requiring to anticipate the wake because the module will need to boot and be ready when the paging window arrives. This case is shown in the picture below and compared to standard eDRX.

![Fig 3. standard DRX vs PSM in between eDRX comparison](image)

This advanced eDRX modality, as anticipated earlier, becomes more efficient when eDRX cycle is equal or longer than 167 sec. this is because the power consumption saved during OFF (3 uA like in PSM) is greater that the additional power consumption needed during the tiny boot (which is close to 45 mAs).

To set this modality,

AT#CPSMS=1,,,90,20,8  value 8 is used to enable PSM in between eDRX (*)

AT#REBOOT

to enable eDRX in catm:
AT#CEDRXS=1,4,"1010","0111" \(\Rightarrow\) PTW = 10,28 sec eDRX cycle= 327,68 sec

to enable eDRX in NBiot :
AT#CEDRXS=1,5,"1010","0111" \(\Rightarrow\) PTW = 10,28 sec eDRX cycle= 327,68 sec

(*) PSM in between is a special modality which is not compatible with standard PSM. While standard eDRX can be combined and used togehter with PSM , PSM in between eDRX it is not and to use PSM again a new configuration command and reboot has to be given as below:

AT#CPSMS=1,,,90,20,4 value 4 is used to enable standard PSM
AT#REBOOT command is needed for the new configuration to take effect
5. HARDWARE CONTROLS

5.1. Pins related to PSM Mode

5.1.1. ME310G1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Signal</th>
<th>I/O</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N16</td>
<td>ON_OFF*/WAKE*</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Input command for power ON and to wake from deep sleep mode</td>
<td>Digital</td>
<td>Active low</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.8V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R1</td>
<td>PWRMON</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>Power ON Monitor</td>
<td>Digital</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.8V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.1.2. ME910G1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Signal</th>
<th>I/O</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R12</td>
<td>ON_OFF*/WAKE*</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Input command for power ON and to wake from deep sleep mode</td>
<td>Digital</td>
<td>Active low, connected to open drain or open collector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.8V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R11</td>
<td>VAUX/PWRMON</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>1.8V LDO output (only ME910G1/ML865G1) Power ON monitor</td>
<td>Supply</td>
<td>VAUX is available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.8V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R13</td>
<td>HW_SHUTDOWN*</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>HW Unconditional Shutdown</td>
<td>Digital</td>
<td>Active low, connected to open drain or open collector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.8V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

5.1.3. ML865G1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin</th>
<th>Signal</th>
<th>I/O</th>
<th>Function</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>ON_OFF/WAKE</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>Input command for power ON and to wake from deep sleep mode</td>
<td>Digital</td>
<td>Active high, weak internal pull-down</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.8V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>51</td>
<td>VAUX/PWRMON</td>
<td>O</td>
<td>1.8V LDO output Power ON monitor</td>
<td>Supply</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.8V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>55</td>
<td>HW_SHUTDOWN*</td>
<td>I</td>
<td>HW Unconditional Shutdown</td>
<td>Digital</td>
<td>Active low, connected to open drain or open collector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.8V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
5.2. CONTROL PINS DESCRIPTION

5.2.1. ME310G1

5.2.1.1. ON_OFF*/WAKE*

ON_OFF*/WAKE* is the pin that turns on the system after VBATT and VBATT_PA is applied to ME310G1. Moreover, this pin can make an asynchronous wakeup of the system from the PSM Mode, before the scheduled event of timer T3412 expired.

To make asynchronous exit from PSM mode ON_OFF*/WAKE* pin must be set LOW for at least 5 seconds.

NOTE:

Don't use any pull up resistor on the ON_OFF*/WAKE* line, it is internally pulled up. Using pull up resistor may bring to latch up problems on the ME310G1 power regulator and improper power on/off of the module. The line ON_OFF*/WAKE* must be connected only in open collector or open drain configuration.

5.2.1.2. PWRMON

There is no pin dedicated to PSM status indicator, host can only detect deep sleep mode by monitoring of PWRMON output pin.
5.2.2. ME910G1

5.2.2.1. ON_OFF*/WAKE*

ON_OFF*/WAKE* is the pin that turns on the system after VBATT and VBATT_PA is applied to ME910G1. Moreover, this pin can make an asynchronous wakeup of the system from the PSM Mode, before the scheduled event of timer T3412 expired.

To make asynchronous exit from PSM mode ON_OFF*/WAKE* pin must be set LOW for at least 5 seconds.

---

NOTE:

Don't use any pull up resistor on the ON_OFF*/WAKE* line, it is internally pulled up. Using pull up resistor may bring to latch up problems on the ME910G1 power regulator and improper power on/off of the module. The line ON_OFF*/WAKE* must be connected only in open collector or open drain configuration.

---

5.2.2.2. VAUX/PWRMON

There is no pin dedicated to PSM status indicator, host can only detect deep sleep mode by monitoring of VAUX/PWRMON output pin.

5.2.2.3. HW_SHUTDOWN*

During PSM mode, HW_SHUTDOWN* toggle has no effect. The use of HW_SHUTDOWN* pin is valid only when ME910G1 has VAUX/PWRMON pin output HI.
5.2.3. ML865G1

5.2.3.1. ON_OFF/WAKE

ON_OFF/WAKE line can make an asynchronous wakeup of the system from the PSM Mode, before the scheduled event of timer T3412 expired.

To make asynchronous exit from PSM mode ON_OFF/WAKE pin must be set HIGH for at least 5 seconds. In all other conditions ON_OFF/WAKE pin must be set LOW.

---

**NOTE:**

ON_OFF/WAKE line is active high (1.8V), and there is a weak internal pull-down (about 200K).

---

5.2.3.2. VAUX/PWRMON

There is no pin dedicated to PSM status indicator, host can only detect deep sleep mode by monitoring of VAUX/PWRMON output pin.

5.2.3.3. HW_SHUTDOWN*

During PSM mode, HW_SHUTDOWN toggle has no effect. The use of HW_SHUTDOWN* pin is valid only when ML865G1 has VAUX/PWRMON output HI.

5.3. SIM interface

SIM interface is powered down when ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 enters in PSM mode to ensure minimal power consumption.

For this reason SIM PIN, if enabled, should be managed in every scheduled wake, or can simply be disabled.
5.4. PSM configuration

PSM has to be configured by the command AT+CPSMS. The command controls whether the UE wants to apply PSM or not, as well as the requested extended periodic RAU value and the requested GPRS READY timer value in GERAN/UTRAN, the requested extended periodic TAU value in E-UTRAN and the requested Active Time value.

Examples:
AT+ CPSMS= 0  →  disable the use of PSM
AT+CPMS= 1,,"01100001","01100010"  →  PSM Mode is set to enabled and module enters in PSM after a minute (T3324 = 33) and stay in this mode for two minute (T3412 = 162).

For additional details on AT+CPMS command please refer to the ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 AT commands Reference Guide.

When Periodic Update Timer expires (T3324), ME310G1/ME910G1/ML865G1 turns off until the next scheduled wake-up time.
5.5. Hardware application examples

5.5.1. ME310G1

WARNING:
If MCU and its digital interface has 1.8V supply, UART and ON_OFF*/WAKE* can be directly connected but all MCU output lines of the UART must be set to 0V in OFF and in PSM state to avoid backpowering. MCU_GPIO01 must be totem pole type.
5.5.2. ME910G1

 WARNING:

If MCU and its digital interface has 1.8V supply, UART and ON_OFF*/WAKE* can be directly connected but all MCU output lines of the UART must be set to 0V in OFF and in PSM state to avoid backpowering. MCU_GPIO01 must be totem pole type.
5.5.3. **ML865G1**

WARNING:

If MCU and its digital interface has 1.8V supply, UART and ON_OFF/WAKE can be directly connected but all MCU output lines of UART **must be set to 0V in OFF and in PSM state to avoid backpowering**. MCU_GPIO01 must be totem pole type.
### 6. GLOSSARY AND ACRONYMS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TTSC</td>
<td>Telit Technical Support Centre</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>USB</td>
<td>Universal Serial Bus</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HS</td>
<td>High Speed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DTE</td>
<td>Data Terminal Equipment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTE</td>
<td>Long Term Evolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSM</td>
<td>Power Saving Mode according to 3GPP Rel.12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AS</td>
<td>Access Stratum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NAS</td>
<td>Non-Access Stratum</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RAU</td>
<td>Routing Area Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAU</td>
<td>Tracking Area Update</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HSIC</td>
<td>High Speed Inter Chip</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIM</td>
<td>Subscriber Identification Module</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPI</td>
<td>Serial Peripheral Interface</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADC</td>
<td>Analog – Digital Converter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DAC</td>
<td>Digital – Analog Converter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I/O</td>
<td>Input Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GPIO</td>
<td>General Purpose Input Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CMOS</td>
<td>Complementary Metal – Oxide Semiconductor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLK</td>
<td>Clock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MRDY</td>
<td>Master Ready</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SRDY</td>
<td>Slave Ready</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CS</td>
<td>Chip Select</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RTC</td>
<td>Real Time Clock</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCB</td>
<td>Printed Circuit Board</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESR</td>
<td>Equivalent Series Resistance</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSWR</td>
<td>Voltage Standing Wave Radio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VNA</td>
<td>Vector Network Analyzer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### 7. DOCUMENT HISTORY

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Revision</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Changes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>2020-05-06</td>
<td>First Issue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2021-03-01</td>
<td>Section 5.5, Hardware application examples update</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SUPPORT INQUIRIES

Link to www.telit.com and contact our technical support team for any questions related to technical issues.

www.telit.com